SDDEC23-14

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Interactive Evaluation of Shortest Path Methods

Problem Statement

Algorithm research is always developing, and efficiency is important, but hard to compare

This project aims to develop a system that enables:

- The use of Shortest Path algorithms namely All Pairs and Single Source.
- The use of different datasets like Escalon's road network pictured in Figure 1

...to output detailed comparisons in road-like networks for an educational settings



Figure 1: Shortest Path Visualized Route in Escalon, California Via MapBox

Stakeholders & Use-Cases

Educators:

 Present and educate people about the efficiency of different shortestpath algorithms

Students:

 Tool to better understand and learn about the performance of algorithms on different data sets



Figure 2: Use-Case Diagram

Requirements & Constraints

Requirements:

- User upload/algorithm selection
- Clean, organized presentation of SP visualizations
- Algorithm execution on data sets + metrics report
- Visualizations of algorithm outcomes/comparisons
- Optimal resource usage per algorithm run
- Report generation and storage

Constraints:

- Full-Stack Solution
- Budget: No more than \$200

Initial Milestones

Milestone	Metrics:
Finalize System Architecture Design	(April 2 nd)
Develop Server, Driver, and Web App Components	(Sept. 17 th /Oct. 1 st)
Algorithm Visualization/AED	(Nov. 1 st)
Fully Develop User Interface/Server	(Nov. 11 th)
Integration and System Testing	(Nov. 17 th)
Final Software Release and Presentation to Panel	(Dec 3 rd /Dec. 8 th)

Original Design

Frontend

- Not many components on page
- Features were not organized



Figure 3: Original Home Page Wireframe

Original Design



Figure 4: Original Backend Block Diagram

Web Server

- Serves web application
- Tracks algorithm executions
- Manages dataset storage

Algorithm Execution Driver

- Manages execution logic
- Multi-language
- Executes algorithms in C
 - Control logic in Java

How Our Design Evolved

Frontend

- Addition of tutorial page
- Addition of source/destination point selection
- User account removal



Figure 5: Updated Home Page

Issues with the Original Design

Issues

- Limited visibility
- Violations of requirements
- Split development
- Opportunity cost to remedy concerns

Revision

• Single language for backend development

Consequences

- Correlating space complexity to memory usage becomes implausible
- Alternatives require revising the entire architecture of the system

Evolved Design



Figure 6: Updated Block Diagram

Application



Figure 7: Module Dependency Diagram

Implementation – Backend

Benefits of the Evolved Design

•Robust API

Modularity

•Structured testing

•Language/Framework features

POST

.../api/algorithm/apsp/evaluate/1?datasetID=1

Implementation – Backend

Benefits of the Evolved Design

- Robust API
- Modularity
- Structured testing
- Language/Framework features

```
"information": {
    "type": "apsp",
    "predecessors": [---
ś,
"individualMetrics": [...
٦.
"name": "Floyd-Warshall's Algorithm",
"averageRuntime": 149.62,
"runtimeRange": [
    145,
    163
٦,
"totalRuntime": 7481,
"standardDeviation": 3.554658914720229,
"Percentile50th": 149,
"Percentile75th": 150,
"Percentile25th": 147
      Figure 8: API Example 12
```

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Implementation – Backend

Key Frameworks and Technologies Used



- GitLab Actions
- Docker



Implementation - Frontend

Homepage Mapbox Visualization Page Sigma Visualization Page Results Page Tutorial Page



 ⑦ Tutorial - Shortest Path Algorith: x + ← → C △ ① http://localhost.63342. 	/sddec23-14/src/main/resources/public/Tutorial.html		× □ - × : 3 □ ★ 3 ● × 10
📕 tutorials 📕 Random 📕 ISU 📕 Subs			
	Interactive Evaluation	of SP Methods	
	Welcome to our Algorithm Visua	lizer! To start, just:	
1.	Select one, up to two, algorithms from the same group (All Pair Sh	ortest Path (APSP) or Single Source Shortest Path (SSSP))	
	Johnson's Algorithm	Dijkstra's Algorithm	
		DR Thorup's Algorithm	
	Floyd-Warshall's Algorithm	Bellman-Ford's Algorithm	
2.	Select a dataset in a .txt file, with the file formatted as shown bel p sp 6.8 MUST have this line first, p sp denotes a shorter a 0 2 10 Vertex ids will be from 0 - # of vertices minus or a 1 3 2 a 2 40 a 2 2 0 Any line that starts with 'a' will be read as an arc a 3 5 3 denotes the second vertice, and the last column a 4 10 a 4 5 20 c This is a comment } Any line that starts with c will be read as a comm Select starting and ending points for your dataset (AK	ow OR a preconfigured dataset (Long Beach or Escalon) it path algorithm, 6 is the # of vertices, and 8 is the # edges; the (in this example it would be 0 - 5) is second column denotes the first vertice, third column is denotes the edge weight between the two vertices ment and ignored by the algorithm code A the vertex you want to start at and end at)	
	Starting Point: Node 1 V		
	Ending Point:	lode 4 ×	
4	Select the directed checkbox if you would like a directed graph		
5.	Click the "Start Now" button to view your algorithm run results on the results page		
6.	Click "View Path" on the results page to view your Sigma or MapBox visualization		
	Helpful Tip: You may use weighted or unweighted edges - if you want to use ur	weighted edges, simply put a '1' in the last column for every arc	
	Start Now		
Type here to search	H 🚍 🧆 🕖 🕵 🗖 唑 🗉 🚱 💿 😫		∧ d≬ 😣 🐜 🕷 953 AM 🖓

Testing - Frontend

User Input UI Navigation End-to-End Communication Visualization Rendering

c an edge between node 0 and node 1 with a weight of 3 a 0 1 3

Figure 11: Part of an uploaded dataset file



Figure 12: dataset represented in the visualizer

Details for Unit Testing are available on page 30 of the design document

Testing – Backend

Testing Strategy



Test Results

133 tests; 85% + line coverage

* Additional details are available on p. 30 of the Design Document

Lessons Learned

- Use a different programming language C++, Rust
- Reevaluate implementation timeline

Thanks + Q&A